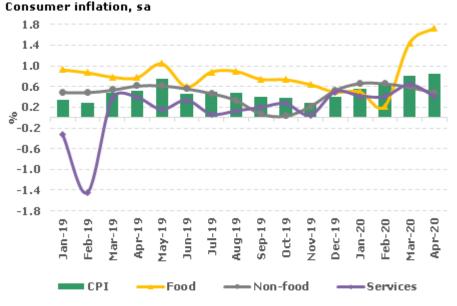
Annual inflation rose to 6.8% in April

Assan Kurmanbekov — May 05, 2020

Inflation in April increased by 0.9% mom, unchanged from the previous month. In annual terms, it increased from 6.4% to 6.8%, which corresponds to the level of the beginning of 2018. At the same time, it should be borne in mind that quarantine measures in connection with coronavirus, as well as limited nominal wage growth below 3% this year amid a recession in the economy will act as a strong disinflation factor.

According to the Committee on Statistics, inflation in April increased by 0.9% mom, unchanged from the previous month. In annual terms, it increased from 6.4% to 6.8%, which corresponds to the level of the beginning of 2018. Given the seasonal adjustment (sa), by our estimates, inflation accelerated slightly from 0.8% mom to 0.9% mom.



Source: CS MNE, Halyk Finance

According to the results of April, inflation in the food products group amounted to 1.9% mom (+1.7% mom sa), providing 0.74pp in the total inflation. Fruits and vegetables went up (+5.6% mom), cereals (+3.4% mom), oils and fats (+1% mom), meat (+1.6% mom). Prices for cabbage decreased (-1.9% mom), rice (-0.1% mom), millet (-0.7% mom).

Prices for non-food products increased by 0.3% mom (+0.5% mom sa), providing 0.1 pp of contribution to inflation. The cost of antiseptics showed (+6.6% mom), medicines (+2.7% mom), personal goods (+1.8% mom), household goods (+0.7% mom), automobiles (+0.8% mom). The cost of gasoline decreased (-1.3% mom), diesel fuel (-2.3% mom).

In the service sector, tariffs increased by 0.1% mom (+0.4% mom sa) with a 0.03 pp contribution to price increases. A weak change in tariffs was due to a decrease in the cost of housing and communal services (-0.1% mom), hospital services (-0.2% mom). Legal services rose most significantly (+4.8% mom), communication services (+0.4% mom), transport services (+0.4% mom).



		April 2020			April 2019	
Type of good or service	mom	momsa	ytd	уоу	ytd	уоу
All goods and services	0.9	0.9	3.2	6.8	 1.8	4.9
Food products	1.9	1.7	5.5	10.4	4.8	7.1
Bakery and cereals	0.9	0.5	2.7	13.0	5.5	9.6
Meat	1.6	1.6	3.9	14.9	2.3	8.0
Fruits and vegetables	5.6	4.7	18.6	9.7	15.0	-1.3
Milk products	0.7	0.8	3.0	8.2	1.3	6.1
Oils, fats	1.0	1.1	3.0	6.5	1.7	8.7
Non-food products	0.3	0.7	1.7	5.4	1.3	6.0
Clothes and footwear	0.1	0.2	0.8	5.3	2.1	8.2
Household appliances	0.7	0.7	2.2	6.3	2.0	7.9
Gasoline	-1.3	-0.1	4.1	3.1	-3.7	-7.3
Diesel	-2.3	-0.7	-2.2	0.5	-1.5	24.5
Services	0.1	0.4	1.5	3.5	-1.2	1.2
House maintenance, utilities	-0.1	0.2	1.0	2.7	-4.3	-3.5
Rest, leisure, culture	0.0	0.3	0.6	5.1	2.0	7.7
Education	0.0	0.2	0.8	2.2	0.4	3.8
Health care	1.0	0.8	2.2	5.7	3.1	7.3
Transportation	-0.2	0.4	3.3	5.0	-1.0	1.9
Telecom services	0.4	0.5	1.6	2.4	0.4	4.2

Consumer goods and services inflation, %

The table contains the main components of CPI

Source: CS MNE, Halyk Finance

Our opinion

It is worth recalling that in 2019 inflation was 5.4% compared to 5.3% in 2018 with a minimum value of 4.8% in 2013. In March and April, there was a fairly significant increase in inflationary pressure. Since the beginning of the year, inflation reached 3.2% compared with 1.8% for the same period in 2019. The main increase in prices occurs in the group of food products, where the increase in prices has already exceeded 10% in annual terms. After the inflationary expectations of the population sharply strengthened in the wake of panic, the state authorities took urgent measures to stabilize the consumer market - tariffs for housing and communal services were once again reduced, diesel fuel prices already fell below the end of 2019, gasoline prices were lowered in March, although its price managed to increase by 4% since December 2019. Tenge weakening by almost 12% against the dollar since the beginning of this year is partially offset by a 6% appreciation of the tenge against the ruble.

We revised our inflation forecast at the end of this year upward from 5.5% to 8.7%. At the same time, it should be borne in mind that quarantine measures in connection with coronavirus, as well as limited nominal wage growth below 3% this year amid a recession in the economy will act as a strong disinflation factor. As a result of which we do not exclude that our forecast may turn out to be quite pessimistic.



© 2021 Halyk Finance, a subsidiary of Halyk Bank.

For contact details see the information on Halyk Finance website www.halykfinance.kz or contact Halyk Finance office. All rights reserved. This document and/or information has been prepared by and, except as otherwise specified herein, is communicated by Halyk Finance. This document is for information purposes only. Opinions and views expressed in this document do not necessarily represent the opinions and views held by Halyk Finance, or other subsidiaries of Halyk Bank. The differences of opinion stem from different assumptions, sources information, criteria and methodology of valuation. Information and opinions expressed herein are subject to change without notice; and neither Halyk Finance, or Halyk Bank, or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates are under any obligation to keep them current. This document is not an offer or an invitation to engage in investment activity. It cannot be relied upon as a representation that any particular transaction necessarily could have been or can be effected at the stated price. This document does not constitute an advertisement or an offer of securities, or related financial instruments. Descriptions of any company or companies or their securities or the markets or developments mentioned herein are not intended to be complete. Views and opinions expressed in this document cannot substitute for the exercise of own judgment and do not attempt to meet the specific investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs of any specific investor. The information and opinions herein have been arrived at based on information obtained from sources believed to be reliable and in good faith. Such sources have not been independently verified; information is provided on an \'as is\' basis and no representation or warranty, either expressed or implied, is provided in relation to the accuracy, completeness, reliability, merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose of such information and opinions, except with respect to information concerning Halyk Finance and its affiliates.

The securities described herein may not be eligible for sale in all jurisdictions or to certain categories of investors. Options, derivative products and futures are not suitable for all investors and trading in these instruments is considered risky. Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future results. Foreign-currency denominated securities are subject to fluctuations in exchange rates that could have an adverse effect on the value or the price of, or income derived from, the investment. Halyk Finance and its affiliates, directors, representatives, employees, or clients may have or have had interests in issuers described herein. Halyk Finance may have or have had long or short positions in any of the securities or other financial instruments mentioned herein at any time and may make a purchase and/or sale, or offer to make a purchase and/or sale, of any such securities or other financial instruments at any time, as principal or agent. Halyk Finance and its affiliates may act or may have acted as market maker in the securities or other financial instruments described herein, or in securities underlying or related to such securities. Employees of Halyk Finance or its affiliates may serve or have served as officers or directors of the said companies. Halyk Finance and its affiliates may have or have had a relationship with or have provided investment banking, capital markets, advisory, investment management, and/or other financial services to the relevant companies. Halyk Finance relies on information barriers to avoid the appearance of conflict of interests within Halyk Finance or in its relations with clients, other issuers, and external investors.

The information herein is not intended for distribution to the public and may not be reproduced, redistributed or published, in whole or in part, for any purpose without the written permission of Halyk Finance. Neither Halyk Finance nor any of its affiliates accepts any liability whatsoever for the actions of third parties in this respect. This information may not be used to create any financial instruments or products or any indices. Neither Halyk Finance, nor its affiliates, nor their directors, representatives, or employees accept any liability for any direct or consequential loss or damage arising out of the use of any information herein. © 2021 All rights reserved

Research	Department	Telephone E-mail	
Stanislav Chuyev	Head	s.chuyev	@halykfinance.kz
Assan Kurmanbekov	Macroeconomics	a.kurma	nbekov@halykfinance.kz
Dmitriy Sheikin	Macroeconomics	d.sheikir	@halykfinance.kz
Zhansaya Kantayeva	Fixed income	zh.kanta	yeva@halykfinance.kz
Madina Meterkulova	Equity	m.meter	kulova@halykfinance.kz
Vladislav Benberin	Equity	v.benber	rin@halykfinance.kz

ale	es
	ale

Department Telephone E-mail

Mariya Pan	Head	m.pan@halykfinance.kz
Aizhan Moldakhmetova	Institutional	a.moldakhmetova@halykfinance.kz
Asel Baizhanova	Institutional	a.baizhanova@halykfinance.kz
Zhanna Nuralina	Retail	zh.nuralina@halykfinance.kz
Shynar Zhakanova	Retail	sh.zhakanova@halykfinance.kz
Aliya Abdumazhitova	Retail	a.abdumazhitova@halykfinance.kz
Alya Mukhametzhanova	Retail	a.mukhametzhanova@halykfinance.kz

Halyk Finance

Abay av. 109 «B», 5th fl. Almaty, Kazakhstan, A05A1B4 Tel: +7 727 331 59 77 www.halykfinance.kz

Bloomberg HI FN Thomson Reuters Halyk Finance Factset Halyk Finance Capital IO Halyk Finance